

TERMS OF THE NEWS.

THE DAILY NEWS, by mail, one year \$6; six months \$4; three months \$2; one month 75 cents. If delivered by the city at FIFTY CENTS a week, payable to the carriers, or \$5 a year, paid in advance at the office.

THE WEEKLY NEWS, published on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, one year \$3; six months \$2; and 50 cents a month for any shorter period.

Subscriptions in all cases payable in advance, and no paper continued after the expiration of the time paid for.

ADVERTISEMENTS.—First insertion 10 cents a line; subsequent insertions 5 cents a line. Special Notices 15 cents a line each insertion. Business Notices 5 cents a line each insertion. All advertisements must be paid for in advance. The Fourth Page only. Fifty per cent. additional charged for inserting advertisements in the THE WEEKLY NEWS. Advertisements for the THE WEEKLY NEWS only, two-thirds of daily rates.

Notices of Wants, To Rent, Lost and Found, Boarding, &c., not exceeding 20 words, 25 cents each insertion; over 20, and not exceeding 30 words, 40 cents each insertion; over 30 and not exceeding 40 words, 50 cents each insertion. All announcements to be published at these rates must be paid for in advance.

Remittances should be made by Postoffice Money Order or by Express. If this cannot be done, protection against losses by mail may be secured by forwarding a draft on Charleston payable to the order of the proprietors of THE NEWS, or by sending the money in a registered letter.

Address: RICHARDSON, DAWSON & CO., No. 149 East Bay, Charleston, S. C.

The Charleston News.

THURSDAY, MAY 26, 1870.

THE WEEKLY NEWS.

We have made arrangements to supply THE WEEKLY NEWS, together with that excellent agricultural publication, *The Rural Carolinian*, at the low rate of THREE DOLLARS a year. Send in your orders.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

Gold closed in New York, yesterday, at 144 1/4.

Cotton was easier, with sales of 2600 bales; uplands 22 1/2.

In Liverpool cotton closed irregular; middling uplands 10 1/2; sales 10,000 bales.

Nearly one-half the cotton from India is now said to come through the Suez Canal.

The other day \$100,000 of Confederate bonds were put up for sale in New Orleans and brought \$4 per bond, or \$400 for the lot.

The New York Revolution, the woman's newspaper, is hereafter to be published by a stock company, Theodore Tilton being president.

Most of the salid oils now brought into the market are made of cotton seed oil, refined and bleached, which is said to be a good substitute.

A son of a colored member of the Boston bar, who is a graduate of the College of France, has passed a successful examination and entered the Middle Temple, London.

It is said that the tobacco trade in New York is represented by so many nationalities, that fifty-three different languages are spoken by the cigar dealers on Broadway.

Some people in Mississippi claim to have discovered the body of Hernando Desoto in a copper-blasted coffin. A second edition of the Cardiff gannet, no doubt.

St. Thomas is to be connected with the rest of the world by telegraph. Sir Charles Bright has arrived there to make arrangements for the landing of the West India cable. The work of constructing the cable through Porto Rico is going on without interruption.

The illumination in Paris, on Saturday night, in honor of the declaration of the Plebiscite, drew throngs of people into the streets, but no disorders occurred. It is evident that the spirit of the revolutionists is broken, for the present at least, and that the empire has taken a new lease of life. The public buildings, churches, cafes and some private buildings, were made to assist in the brilliant imperial pageant of Saturday night.

The revolution in Venezuela is successful. The capital was captured on the 27th ultimo.

General Guzman Blanco after two days' hard fighting. The city was badly damaged by artillery, and five hundred men were slain. After the capitulation a new government, with Guzman Blanco at its head as provisional president, was installed, and met with no further opposition. When President Monagas heard of the fall of the capital he sought the agents of President Blanco, and surrendered with the remainder of his army. He was released on parole. His reign has lasted about two years.

One of the first acts of the new government was to abolish the duties on exports, and reduce those on imports 70 per cent.

A society of German cabinet-makers in New York have done a sensible and profitable thing. Instead of wasting their time in wrangling about wages, organizing strikes, or quarrelling with their bread and butter in any other way, they have set to work to make the said bread and butter easier to obtain, and to increase the comfort and health of the eaters thereof. To do this they have purchased an extensive piece of ground at Astoria, and laid it out as a park, with cottages on its avenues, a hotel, and other public and private conveniences. The object of the association is to give shop country homes to the members of the organization, by furnishing lots on the monthly plan, and rendering assistance to those who will build. The park is beautifully laid out in well shaded walks, and many of the streets are well shaded with trees.

A St. Louis paper announces the prevalence there in official quarters of a soul-harving suspicion as to the integrity of the high public functionary known as the city dog-killer. There have been shocking irregularities in the dog-killing department of the St. Louis municipal government, which following so closely upon the defalcation of Suckley, the city treasurer, are enough to destroy forever all human confidence in the powers that be out there.

The sanguinary supervisor of the sausage supply says that within nine months he has slaughtered some 1093 puppies, mongrels, whelps and hounds, and cures of low degree, and demands his pay at the rate of twenty-five cents per dog. The Mayor, however, having been seized with a suspicion that all was not right in the accounts, instituted an investigation, and some rather crushing testimony has been brought to bear upon the case. The night watchmen at the pound testified to the most startling discrepancies between the numbers reported and the dogs actually killed, and still further, that the hero kills his dogs several times over—stunning them one day and "choking them down," and repeating the process the next day, and so long as the dogs last under that method of treatment. This system of arithmetical progression is not in favor at the Mayor's office and the Council Chamber of St. Louis. That city minds its multiplication table carefully since the late developments in the municipal treasury department. The dog-killer is not likely to get his little bill audited and settled.

Miss Olive Logan is a lady whose business is to deliver lectures, whereby she supports

herself and adds (we hope) to her property, real and personal. Miss Logan, as she gives many lectures in different parts of the country during the season, is obliged at the beginning of it to make contracts in advance, and according to the contracts made to arrange her travels. She engaged "The Tribune" to lecture for the Young Men's Christian Association at Iowa City on the 16th instant. But these young Christians, apparently not comprehending, in their fervent piety, the nature of a contract, and for reasons which, whatever their nature, can be good for nothing, sent to Miss Olive a message that they had changed their mind, and didn't want the Logan lecture. Olive is a peaceful name, but upon this occasion Olive showed herself belligerent, and, as we think, properly so. She sent a dispatch to the association exceedingly plain in its terms, and with no means to be misunderstood. It was as follows: "Y. M. C. A.—I shall lecture in your city on the 16th instant. I shall positively hold you to your contract.—Olive Logan." Upon this the Council Bluffs Tribune sagaciously observes: "This looks to us as if the young lady was after stamps." What a shrewd Council Bluffs Tribune! Why, of course she is after stamps. Does the Bluff Council think that Miss Logan travels hundreds of miles, and pays away her money for railway fares, just to lecture for the fun of the thing? After stamps! I pray, isn't everybody "after stamps" in his or her business, whatever it be? We don't see any disgrace in it. Miss Logan's note proved to be sufficient. The young Christians have agreed to listen to the lecture, and to pay for it.

Are they "Sapless Politicians"?

That lively and generally well-posted paper, the New York Sun, says:

"An attempt is being made in South Carolina to oust from public office, and if possible also from the State, that numerous class of adventurers who barnaced themselves on the Republican party, and went South to plunder. The new movement was publicly inaugurated in Charleston on the 16th instant, in connection with electing delegates to a State Convention, which meets in Columbia on the 15th proximo. But the inaugural was not auspicious, because when it came to where the mass assembled were to vote on choosing delegates, chicanery was resorted to, and forced upon the electors a clique of sapless politicians to act in the convention. This will never do if the people of South Carolina are sincere in their endeavors to institute the needed reform. No great party can ever be successfully created in that State if the foundation of it is laid in those petty tricks, which of themselves create distrust."

The Sun has been misinformed. No "chicanery" was resorted to in choosing delegates at the Reform Mass Meeting held in Charleston on the 16th instant; nor was "a clique of sapless politicians" forced upon the electors.

The committee appointed "to suggest, for the ratification of the meeting, the names of suitable persons to represent Charleston County" in the State Convention, consisted of six white men and three colored men. Of the white men, four were merchants and two were mechanics.

This committee reported the names of forty persons as delegates to the State Convention. Of the forty, eighteen were colored men. The twenty-two white men were by occupation as follows: Merchants, 12; mechanics, 6; lawyers, 2; planters, 2. All the delegates are residents of the county, and have a substantial interest in securing a good government. Several of them are Northern men, by birth and education, now doing business in Charleston. The others represent the different nationalities of which our population is made up, as well as mechanics, commerce and general trade. There is not a hack politician on the list, nor is there upon it the name of one man who has made politics a profession.

The list of delegates as reported by the committee was submitted to the Mass Meeting and adopted. Any person present could have appealed from the decision of the chair, but this was not done, and we have the right to assume that the meeting had no cause for dissatisfaction.

The movement is an honest one, with an honest purpose, and we trust that the Sun will give place to this contradiction of its statement that "chicanery was resorted to" at the Charleston Mass Meeting, and that "a clique of sapless politicians" was forced upon the people.

A Big Cotton Crop.

The New York Tribune, in its usual forcible way, declares that from the time when so good a farmer as George Washington "had a hundred cows in his yards, and yet 'bought butter for his table,' the South has been a standing illustration of a system that seems to bring wealth, but in fact leads to poverty. The South, ten years ago, had not learned that national strength depends on doing many things well; and she has yet to learn the omnipotence of concerted action and diversified industry. For instance, the last decade has proved conclusively that England will put no limit on the price she is willing to pay for a certain amount of good American Upland. But the crop of 1869 has sensibly affected the market, and the Tribune fears that the increasing production of the staple may force down the price "to a point at which the production of cotton by free labor becomes unprofitable." If in January and February the planters of the South could have met in conventions, talked these matters over, and agreed to plant less cotton and more of something else, they could have controlled the price, and held it at a quarter of a dollar and over."

The Tribune is doubtless sincere in its opinions and advice, but it would be easier for Mrs. Partridge to sweep back the Atlantic with a mop than for a convention to plant less cotton and more of something else. They may urge their neighbors to pitch a small crop. But in their own mind they are resolved to make a big crop, and take advantage, if they can, of the high rates which a short crop of cotton will ensure. And so it will be to the end. The planters will continue to stake their all on cotton until they find that it does not pay to sell the staple cheap and buy corn and cattle dear. During the last three years a number of the planters have been convinced that the paying policy is—first, meat and bread, and second, cotton. And the range of prices indicates that the South will have another bitter lesson this season.

Corn has advanced in price while cotton declines, and already the planters are pinched for means, and have scarcely a dollar to spare. We have a magnificent country. We can raise cattle and breadstuffs for a living, and cotton for a profit; but it will be a long time before the Southern farmer learns that it pays better to make corn than to buy it at \$1 1/4 a bushel, while the costly cotton, held for months at a heavy expense, sells at 20 cents or less.

For the whole country it is best that there should be a huge cotton crop and low prices, and we hope to see the production of the staple steadily increase. The planting interest is not the only interest in the United States. Upon the farms of the North and West, in every city and hamlet in the country, live the consumers of cotton—the wearers of cotton goods. The consumers are the majority of the people; the planters are the minority. The lower the price of cotton goes, the better it is for the masses of the people. It rests with the planters so to arrange their operations that they shall make a fair profit, and this fair profit, in our judgment, can only be realized by diversifying crops—not with the idea of forcing up the price of cotton by limiting the supply, but because it is cheaper to make corn and meat at home than to buy them in the markets of the West.

The difference between the Tribune and ourselves is just this: The Tribune desires to limit the production of American cotton, so that the Southern planter may get a big price and make a heavy profit. We desire to increase, as far as practicable, the yield of cotton, so that the consumers of cotton may buy it cheap instead of dear. At the same time, we urge the planters, for their own protection, to raise their most necessary supplies at home, so that what cotton is sold is clear profit, and is not spent in buying bread at two and three prices.

The Difference.

R. K. Scott and C. J. Stolbrand, as citizens of South Carolina, have the right to be the bondsmen of any malefactor. But one of these worthies is Governor of the State, and the other is Superintendent of the State Penitentiary, and it is not very seemly for them to become the bondsmen of a treasury clerk who, by his own confession, is guilty of forgery to the amount of \$40,000. A private citizen may, without remark, do that which justly covers a high official with shame and disgrace.

A friend of the Marion Star, writing from Conwayboro, says: "I have just heard from Georgetown to-day. The chances are 'good for Dunn to get a majority in that county. The voters' in Horry are all 'right. In this county Wicked Ben's prospects are gloomy in the extreme. White-tomorrow will get a few votes. We have not heard of a single white or colored man, 'who lays any claim to character, honesty or respectability, who will vote for him.' We hope that every voter in the district will turn out and vote for Captain Dunn. He is a Republican, but if elected, he will represent, with fidelity and intelligence, the interests of the people."

Mix you, there is no doubt about the culpability of Sampson. The Ring declare that he made full confession. Perhaps his release on bail (R. K. Scott one of the bondsmen) was the price of that confession, and the accompanying statement that Metcalf was his only accomplice.

One Sampson, a clerk in the State Treasurer's office, is charged with forgery and lodged in jail. He volunteers the information, that a man named Metcalf is his only accomplice. He is bailed in the sum of \$5000. And Governor Scott is one of his bondsmen.

EXAMPLE is better than precept. Make money—honestly if you can, but make money. If detected, apply promptly to Governor Scott for bail.

Any self-convicted forgers who desire to be bailed out of jail, so that they may quietly make their escape, will please make application immediately to Governor R. K. Scott, Columbia, South Carolina.

R. K. Scott is Governor of South Carolina, and one of the bondsmen of a confessed forger—one of the clerks in the State Treasury.

The Electric.

The June number of *The Electric* has the following table of contents: Geological Theory in Britain; the Barbarossa Legend; Colors of the Double Stars; Chatterton; Blanche Treiguer; Lectures on the Science of Religion; by Max Muller, 1; The Princesses des Ursins; The Place where Light Dwelleth; at Rome; A Hindu Legend; Orientalism in European Industry; Better-Half Barter; Henry Ward Beecher. The lecture on the science of religion and the article on Chatterton are strikingly interesting. The embellishment this month is a fine portrait of Henry Ward Beecher.

For sale at Fogartie's, in the bend of King street.

Boarding.

A SMALL FAMILY DESIRE BOARD, with two chambers, on moderate terms. Address through Postoffice "JASPER," Charleston, S. C. may26-2*

Lost and Found.

COFFEE 20 CENTS A POUND. AT WILSON'S GROCERY. may26-2th2

BOX LOST.—DROPPED FROM A spring cart in King street, between Wentworth and Line streets, a PAPER BAG, containing some light articles. Any information will be thankfully received and reward will be given if it is found at Upper Groundhouse. may26-1*

FOUND A LADY'S HEAVY GOLD Breast Pin. Apply at Kriete & Chapman's corner King and Radcliffe streets. may26-4*

LOST ON EITHER QUEEN, KING, OR BAY streets, on Sunday, May 22d, a Mother of Pearl Shell Mounted ROSARY. A suitable reward will be given to the finder if left at No. 175 Meeting street, door from George street. may26-2

PICKED UP ADRIFT ON SULLIVAN'S Island, a BOAT. Apply to F. MILLER, Sullivan's Island. may24-3*

LOST YESTERDAY MORNING WHILE collecting in different parts of the city, a GOLD MASONIC PIN, (Archel). The finder will be rewarded by leaving the same at this office. may24

IF YOU WANT PAPER BAGS, FLOUR SACKS, and Bags of every description, go to EDWARD PERRY, No. 115 Meeting street, opposite Charleston Hotel, Charleston, S. C. dec4 6mo

Wants.

WANTED, A WOMAN WITHOUT ENCUMBRANCES, to do general housework. Apply at northeast corner of Laurens and King streets. may26-1*

WANTED, A SITUATION, BY A REPUTABLE white female as competent Child's Nurse. Can do plain sewing and make herself useful; has no objections to travel with a lady, and can do a few days at a day's notice. King street. may26-1*

WANTED TO ENTER INTO A MATRIMONIAL Engagement with a smart, active and pretty young lady, capable of taking care of a large shop. Address in haste, with photograph, H. W. may26-1*

PLUMBER WANTED.—A GOOD WORKMAN of this class, can get permanent employment and high wages, at Jacksonville, Florida, by applying at once to Wm. SHEPHERD & CO., No. 24 Hayne street. may26-3

A YOUTH, WELL EDUCATED, to teach in a Drug Business, in a first-class store in this city. Applicants will address in their own hand writing, Box No. 582, Postoffice. may26-1*

A GENTLEMAN WANTED AS PARTNER to attend to the business of an office. Must have \$1000 in cash, \$2000 salary, or interest allowed. Address or ask for "BANKER," at News Office. may26-1*

WANTED, IN A WHOLESALE DRUG HOUSE, a youth to learn the business. Apply between the hours of 8 and 10 o'clock at corner Meeting and Hasel streets. may26-1

WANTED, SIX MEN AS LABORERS. Apply at T. F. Brodie & Co.'s Saw Mill, No. 101 Beaufort street. may26-1*

WANTED, A GOOD COOK, WHITE preferred. Apply between 2 and 4 o'clock at the corner of Church and Market streets. may26-1*

WANTED, ALL KINDS OF SECOND-HAND FURNITURE. Highest prices paid for all kinds of furniture. Apply at Wm. McRAY'S, No. 140 Meeting street. may26-4*

WANTED, FOR A PLACE ON ASHLEY River, a competent Colored Mechanic, to superintend an engine, sawing, &c. Apply, with recommendations, at No. 141 Meeting street, up stairs. may24-tuhs3

WANTED, A NURSE TO MIND TWO Children. Also, a Woman to Cook and do Housework, for a small family. Apply immediately to No. 147 Chalmers street. may26-6

FARMERS AND PLANTERS, SAVE your crops and money. Send your orders with your address, to G. O. WILDER, Postoffice Box No. 11, Holliston, Massachusetts. may26-6

WANTED, BY A YOUNG MAN WHO IS well qualified, a situation as Salesman or Bookkeeper. Address M. P. T., Postoffice. may26-6

WANTED, A MIDDLE AGED LADY to take charge of a small family. A pleasant and permanent home. Reference required. Address C. T. M., Sumter, S. C. may26-4*

\$25 A DAY MADE AT HOME! 40 entirely new articles for Agents. Samples sent free. Address H. B. SHAW, Alfred, Me. may26-3m

AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE TO SELL THE AMERICAN KNITTING MACHINE, the only practical Family Knitting Machine ever invented. Price \$25. Will knit 20,000 stitches per minute. Address AMERICAN KNITTING MACHINE CO., Boston, Mass., or St. Louis, Mo. mch10 thomas

WANTED—AGENTS—\$75 TO \$200 per month, everywhere, male and female, to introduce the GENUINE IMPROVED COMMON SENSE FAMILY SEWING MACHINE. This machine will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, quilt, cord, bind, braid and embroider in a most superior manner. It is simple, durable, and will sew any kind of fabric. Every second stitch can be cut, and still the cloth cannot be pulled apart without tearing it. We pay agents from \$75 to \$200 per month, and a commission from which twice that amount can be made. Address SECOMB & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa., Boston, Mass., or St. Louis, Mo. or other cities. We will send you a sample of our machines, and you can show a certificate of agency signed by us. We shall not hold ourselves responsible for the loss of machines, sold by other parties, and shall prosecute all parties either selling or using machines under this name, without our consent, and will reward any person who gives us the name of any such machine. Do not be imposed upon by parties who copy our address, and send you circulars and other rubbishy machines at a less price. mch10 thomas

To Rent.

TO RENT, A TWO STORY HOUSE in Charleston, near the City Hall. Apply to B. A. RODRIGUES, Meeting street, opposite City Hall Church. may26-th2

TO RENT, A RESIDENCE OF SIX Rooms, in Tradd street, east of Meeting. R. M. MARSHALL & BRO., Brokers and Auctioneers, No. 33 Broad street. may24-tuhs4*

TO RENT, THE STORE NO. 136 MEETING STREET, suitable for any business, three stories, with cellar, &c. Apply at No. 106 Wentworth street. may26-th2

TO RENT, A SUITE OF THREE ROOMS, two of them front rooms. Can be partly furnished or not, at No. 45 Beaufort street. may24-tuhs2*

A FURNISHED ROOM FOR ONE OR TWO Gentlemen, on the line of the City Railway, with conveniences. Apply at this office. may25*

TO RENT, A DESIRABLE AND PLEASANTLY situated House, in Queen street, near Rutledge, containing four (4) square rooms, dressing rooms and pantry. Rent \$150. Apply at No. 1 Smith street. may25

SULLIVAN'S ISLAND.—TO RENT, A new House on Sullivan's Island. Apply to Ordnaus Bureau O'BRIEN, or to No. 45 Hayne street. may24-3*

TO RENT, ON SULLIVAN'S ISLAND, an elegantly located HOUSE, newly painted and repaired, containing eight (8) large square rooms, pantry and double piazza, double kitchen, cellar, &c. Situated about five minutes' walk from the ferry landing. To an approved tenant the rent will be moderate. For terms apply at No. 3 Maiden Lane. may11

TO RENT, A SUITE OF ROOMS, in the northeast corner of Montague and Pitt streets. may4

TO RENT, THE INGRAHAM HOUSE, corner of Smith and Wentworth streets, for six months, or longer term desired. Large garden in good order, yielding every variety of spring vegetables. Apply personally to GEO. H. HOPKINS, Accommodation Wharf. may2

TO RENT, A CHAMBER AND PARLOR, partially furnished, with gas, in a private family. Apply at this office. ap19

For Sale.

FOR SALE.—CRUSHED SUGAR SEVEN pound for one dollar, at WILSON'S GROCERY, Anson and Society streets. may26-th2

ELIGIBLE GROCERY STAND, CORNER OF BOGARD AND PERRY STREETS.—At Private Sale, all that HOUSE, with all the furniture, and a large stock of Groceries, containing a large Store, back-room and store-room on the first floor; three rooms on second floor, with large attics, piazza whole length of the building; also a Tenement on Lot with four rooms, which rents for \$12 per month. There is a cistern, well of good water, &c. and arbor. Rent \$30 per year. The above is only offered for sale on account of the owner leaving the State. Apply to SETH SPENCER, No. 1 State street. may25-tuhs2

FOR SALE, TWO LARGE FLATS, adapted to the Physicians and Surgeons. A. B. BROOKS and Auctioneers, No. 33 Broad street. may19-tuhs4*

A RARE OPPORTUNITY.—THE UNDERSIGNED offer for sale their long established Coffee and Spice Business, with all the fixtures, one 6 Horse-power Steam Engine, Mills, Belling, &c. A power wishing to engage in an old and profitable business will do well to inspect at once of the undersigned. W. A. REGAN & CO. may19

FOR SALE, THREE FARMS, TWO miles from the Port Royal Railroad. One Farm contains 300 acres, one 335 acres, and one 160 acres. Each Farm contains one hundred acres of good land, with two to three comfortable cabins on each; also well timbered, good range for cattle and hogs, and perfectly healthy soil. For particulars apply to K. D. H. Barnwell Village. may10

TO PRINTERS.—FOR SALE, A RUGGLES'S Rotary Card and Ball and a set of type, 4 by 7 inch, in perfect condition. The press is in perfect working order, and is capable of being worked at the rate of 2000 impressions per hour. It will make room for a larger one. Price \$100 cash. Apply at The News Job Office. may3

Meetings.

GERMAN RIFLE CLUB.—THE MEMBERS of this Club are respectfully invited to attend an Extra Meeting at Lindstedt's Hall, To-morrow (Friday) EVENING, at 8 o'clock. By order of the President. may26 C. H. BERGMANN, Secretary.

Agricultural Implements.

ELLERBE'S TRANSPLANTERS. Just received another lot of EXTRA LONG TRANSPLANTERS. Dickson's, River's and other Cotton Sweeps. SEWING MACHINE NEEDLES, Wheeler & Wilson's, Grover & Baker, and Singer's, at wholesale and retail, at SAMUEL R. MARSHALL'S Hardware Store, No. 310 King street. may26-thu2

Dry Goods, &c.

GLORIOUS NEWS FOR ALL! "Economy is wealth," and now is the time to invest your money and save FIFTY CENTS on every dollar's worth you buy. We will convince you of this by the following prices of only a few articles:

2 cases of Colored Dotted and Striped MUSLINS, at 12 1/2c, worth 25c; 10,000 yards of Fine Barages, at 5 1/2c per yard 1000 yards of Extra Fine Barages, at 5 1/2c per yard; 1 case of Choice Colons Crape Marets, only 27 1/2c, worth 50c; 20 pieces of Silk Black Iron Grenadine, at 37 1/2c, worth 60c; 5 cases of Spring and Summer Dress Goods, 12 1/2c; 100 dozen of Real Eugene Light Colors Kid Gloves, only 90c, worth \$2; 1 case of Black Alpaca, only 25c per yard; A lot of Black and Colored Silks at very low figures.

600 yards Ladies' Linen Handkerchiefs, only 75c per dozen; 500 dozen Linen Towels, at 10c and upward; 500 pieces Marseilles, at the most reasonable prices; Sundowns, Ribbons, Hosiery, White Goods, Gloves, &c., at astonishingly cheap prices. A large lot of Parasols will be closed out regardless of cost.

Come one and all at the well-known and cheap Dry Goods Establishment of FURCHGOTT & BRO., No. 437 King street, corner of Calhoun. may24

Agencies.

WALKER, EVANS & COGSWELL, mch10 thomas No. 3 Broad street.

Insurance.

SOUTHERN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, ATLANTA DEPARTMENT.

General JOHN B. GORDON, President. J. H. MILLER, Gen'l Agent, Augusta, Ga. Hon. J. L. MANNING, Special Agent, S. C.

ASSETS, January 1, 1870, over \$650,000. DIVIDEND TO POLICYHOLDERS, JULY 1, 1869, FORTY PER CENT.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, OFFICE OF COMMISSIONER OF THE LANDS, COLUMBIA, MAY 1, 1870.

I certify that S. Y. TUPPER, of Charleston, S. C., Agent of the SOUTHERN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, incorporated by the State of Tennessee, has complied with the regulations of the Act of the General Assembly entitled "An Act to regulate the agencies of Insurance Companies not incorporated in the State of South Carolina."

And hereby license the said S. Y. TUPPER, Agent, aforesaid, to take risks and transact all business of insurance in this State, in the City of Charleston, for and in behalf of said Company.

J. L. NEALE, Comptroller-General.

This Company having complied with the recent Deposit Law of the State, continues to write LIFE POLICIES at fair rates. Losses promptly paid in Charleston.

S. Y. TUPPER, Agent. In Planters' and Mechanics' Bank, East Bay. may12-thu10m

GUARDIAN MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

ALL POLICIES NON-FORFEITABLE. HALF LOAN TAKEN. NO NOTES REQUIRED. LAST CASH DIVIDEND (FIFTY) 50 PER CENT.

STatement.

Polices in force. \$25,000,000 Assets. 1,500,000 Annual Income. 800,000 Losses Paid. 500,000

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